





FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY ENVIRONMENTAL and HISTORIC PRESERVATION GREENSHEET: FEMA- 4808-DR-NE

Environmental and Historic Preservation Guidance

As a condition of Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) funding, projects must be reviewed for compliance with all applicable environmental laws, regulations, and executive orders (EO). This "Greensheet" provides you, Applicant, with guidance on FEMA's Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) review processes to help you understand your obligations to ensure that all Federal and State compliance requirements are met and how compliance may impact project funding. FEMA EHP staff are available to answer questions and direct you to other resources as needed.

Federal Laws and Executive Orders

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) Clean Water Act (CWA) Endangered Species Act (ESA)

- EO 11988 Floodplain Management
- EO 11990 Wetlands Protection
- EO 12898 Environmental Justice
- EO 13690/14030 Federal FFRMS

Environmental and Historic Preservation Compliance and Federal Funding

NEPA requires Federal Agencies to assess the environmental effects of their actions, such as funding disaster recovery projects, prior to making funding decisions. NEPA incorporates the other environmental and historic preservation laws into the final consideration of the proposed project or its potential alternatives. FEMA has developed several levels of environmental and historic preservation review to streamline the types of projects commonly funded for disaster recovery. A clear scope of work is needed to determine the level of review required under NEPA which can impact project timelines. Some projects may require additional regulatory permitting or consultation with State, Federal, or Tribal entities. FEMA EHP will advise Applicants on what to expect during the review process. This guidance includes information regarding many, but not all, of the laws routinely addressed during disaster recovery project review. Applicants have certain compliance responsibilities which they may be required to fulfill before funding can be approved or work can proceed. Failure to comply with applicable Federal, State, and local environmental and historic preservation laws could delay or jeopardize potential funding.

Debris and Hazardous Materials

Debris cleanup must be documented from removal to final disposition. For debris taken to a permitted landfill, the **loca**tion and permit number for the landfill should be included in the grant application. <u>Temporary staging site locations</u> should be included in the project as well. Hazardous materials must be disposed of in a manner consistent with all State and Federal laws. <u>Sandbags that have come into contact with floodwaters may require additional handling for proper</u> <u>disposal</u>. Placement of sand in playgrounds, sandboxes, or other areas of direct human contact soon after use in flood-<u>water-contaminated sandbags should be avoided</u>. Debris should not be staged within the floodplain and should never be staged in a wetland area, even temporarily. Debris removal from wetlands should be coordinated with the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and may require FEMA consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS).

Work in or near Water or Wetlands

Projects that involve work in or near water or wetlands, including dredging or filling, in-stream debris removal, bank stabilization, or changes to culverts, crossings, or bridges, may require a permit from U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). An Applicant for FEMA funding is responsible for obtaining any required approvals or permits from the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) and USACE for projects located in wetlands or waterways. NDEE maintains an electronic application portal called the Permitting Matrix (NDEE Publications (ne.gov)). The USACE maintains an electronic portal for permits called <u>Regulatory Request System (RRS)</u>.

Cultural Resources

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) requires Federal Agencies to take into account the effects of their activities on historic properties prior to the approval of the expenditure of Federal funds. FEMA has executed a Programmatic Agreement (PA) with the Nebraska State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) which allows us to expedite many of the types of disaster recovery work that have been demonstrated through experience not to have an adverse effect on historic properties. Projects involving properties that are **45 years of age** or older may require FEMA consultation with the SHPO. All ground disturbing activities, including staging areas and borrow sources, must be reviewed by a FEMA Archaeologist and may require FEMA consultation with SHPO and Federally Recognized Tribes. A clear scope of work, including the age of any existing buildings or structures and the location and description of all ground disturbing activities, is required to complete a review of the project.

Any proposed project that alters a previously undisturbed area (e.g., relocating a utility, road realignment, a material borrow area for construction, or preparation of debris staging, stockpiling or burning sites) must be reviewed by FEMA and the SHPO for any archaeological concerns. Land that has been plowed or used for agriculture is not considered previously disturbed and must be evaluated. Different measures can be taken if historic resources are affected. It is important to involve FEMA and the SHPO prior to initiating any work in an undisturbed location.

Floodplains and Wetlands

FEMA reviews all projects to determine if they affect or will be affected by the floodplain and/or wetlands under EO 11988, EO 11990, and EO13690. The objective of these orders is to minimize and/or avoid future impacts to the natural and beneficial values of floodplains and wetlands as well as impacts to facilities repaired using Federal funds. Projects located within these resource areas may require the use of the "8-step" decision making process, requiring public notification and involvement in the consideration of the proposed project and any practicable alternatives. EO 13690 establishes higher standards for protecting facilities against flood risk. FEMA's current implementation of this order is to flood-proof or elevate structures to higher standards than base flood elevation in the following situations: new construction, relocation, or repairing damaged facilities where damage exceeds 50% of the value of the structure. An Applicant for FEMA funding is responsible for obtaining any required approvals or permits from the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE). An Applicant is also responsible for getting approval from the local floodplain administrator for any projects located within the floodplain and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) for projects located in wetlands. NDEE maintains an electronic application portal called the Permitting Matrix (NDEE Publications (ne.gov)). The USACE maintains an electronic portal for permits called <u>Regulatory Request System (RRS)</u>.

Threatened or Endangered Species and Critical Habitat

Projects that involve work in water or are located within a natural area may have the potential to effect Threatened or Endangered Species and/or Critical Habitat. FEMA is able to expedite the review of many types of disaster recovery work which have been demonstrated through experience not to cause adverse effects. Some projects may require additional consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) specific to the work to be performed and individual species of concern. The presence of Threatened or Endangered Species and/or Critical Habitat may affect project design, construction timeframes, or require best management practices to minimize adverse effects. **Projects with the potential to affect Federally protected species may require FEMA consultation with the USFWS prior to the commencement of work. The State of Nebraska maintains its own database of threatened and endangered species, and may require consultation and permits for actions affecting state-listed species and/or habitat.**

Environmental Justice

Executive Order (EO) 12898 directs each federal agency to avoid disproportionate adverse human health or environmental effects to low-income and or minority populations. Applicants can play a critical role in achieving Environmental Justice by identifying the presence of low-income and minority populations so that disproportionate impacts to human health and environmental hazards can be considered early in the project development stage, and avoided, when possible.

The types of projects that may trigger EO 12898 include, but are not limited to:

- Temporary housing.
- Debris staging and disposal.
- Road repair that requires detours.
- Temporary or permanent relocation actions.
- Drainage improvements / actions in floodplains.

CONTACT INFORMATION

FEDERAL AGENCIES

FEMA Region 7 Regional

Environmental Officer Teri Toye 11224 Holmes Road Kansas City, MO 64131 Phone: 510-512-2373 teri.toye@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA Environmental and

Historic Preservation Advisor Claudia Vines Phone: 202-735-4693 Claudia.vines@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA-Environmental Justice Teri Toye, REO 11224 Holmes Road Kansas City, MO 64131 Phone: 510-512-2373 teri.toye@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA-Floodplain Management & Insurance Todd Tucker Acting Branch Chief 11224 Holmes Road Kansas City, MO 64131

Phone: 816-585-1806 todd.tucker@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA-Risk Analysis Branch

Bryan Murdie Branch Chief 11224 Holmes Road Kansas City, MO 64131 Phone: 202-257-7627 bryan.murdie@fema.dhs.gov

Region 7 Tribal Integration Team James (Jim) D. Rogers 11224 Holmes Road Kansas City, MO 64131 Phone: 202-717-0491 James.Rogers@fema.dhs.gov

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers -Omaha District 1616 Capital Ave., Suite 9000 Omaha, NE 68102 Phone: 402-995-2229

Phone: 402-995-2229 Web: <u>https://www.nwo.usace.army.mil/</u>

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Ecological Services Field Office Region: Mountain-Prairie Region (6) 9325 South Alda Road Wood River, NE 68883 Phone: 308-382-6468 Fax: 308-384-8835 Web: <u>http://www.fws.gov/nebraskaes/</u> Project submissions email to: <u>nebraskaes@fws.gov</u>

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)

100 Centennial Mall North, Rm 152 Lincoln, NE 68508 Phone: 402-437-5300 http://www.ne.nrcs.usda.gov/

STATE AGENCIES

Nebraska Emergency Management

Agency (NEMA) 2433 N.W. 24th Street Lincoln, NE, 68524-1801 Phone: 402-471-7421 Fax :402-471-7433 Web: http://www.nema.ne.gov/

Nebraska Department of Environ-

ment and Energy (NDEE) 245 Fallbrook Blvd. Suite 100 Lincoln, Nebraska 68521-6732 Phone: 402-471-2186 Email: <u>NDEE.moreinfo@nebraska.gov</u> Web: <u>http://www.deq.state.ne.us/</u>

CWA Section 401 Coordinator (NDEE)

245 Fallbrook Blvd. Suite 100 Lincoln, NE 68521-6732 P.O. Box 98922 Lincoln, Nebraska 68509-8922 Phone: **402-471-4221 (Dan Ross)** Email: ndee.401certification@nebraska.gov

Nebraska Department of Natural Re-

sources (NeDNR) 245 Fallbrook Blvd. Suite 201 Lincoln, Nebraska 68521-6729 Phone: 402-471-2363 Web: http://www.dnr.nebraska.gov

NeDNR—Norfolk Field Office

1508 Square Turn Blvd. P.O. Box 1451 Norfolk, NE 68701 Phone: 402-370-3377 Web: <u>https://dnr.nebraska.gov/water-admin/norfolk-field-office</u>

Nebraska's Natural Resources Districts

Web: <u>https://nrdnet.org</u> Find Your NRD | Nebraska's Natural Resources Districts (nrdnet.org)

Nebraska State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)

Nebraska State Historical Society P.O. Box 82554, 1500 R Street, Lincoln, NE 68508 Phone: 402-471-3270 Web: https://history.nebraska.gov/